I Mina'trentai Sais Na Liheslaturan Guâhan THE THIRTY-SIXTH GUAM LEGISLATURE BIII HISTORY 1/7/2021 2:02 PM

I Mina'trentai Sais Na Liheslaturan Guåhan BILL STATUS

BILL NO.	SPONSOR	TITLE	DATE INTRODUCED	DATE REFERRED	CMTE REFERRED	PUBLIC HEARING DATE	DATE COMMITTEE REPORT FILED	FISCAL NOTES	NOTES
16-36 (COR)		AN ACT TO AMEND §§ 3123, 3218, 3300, 3413, 3414 AND 3433, AND REPEAL §§ 3428 AND 3432, ALL OF CHAPTER 3, TITLE 11, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO UPDATING AND CLARIFYING STATUTES CONCERNING LICENSING, SALES, AND SERVICE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES.	1:23 p.m.						

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I MINA'TRENTAI SAIS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2021 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 16-36 (COR)

Introduced by:

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Joe S. San Agustin

AN ACT TO AMEND §§ 3123, 3218, 3300, 3413, 3414 AND 3433, AND REPEAL §§ 3428 AND 3432, ALL OF CHAPTER 3, TITLE 11, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO UPDATING AND CLARIFYING STATUTES CONCERNING LICENSING, SALES, AND SERVICE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that the COVID-19 pandemic of 2020 has taken an immense toll on Guam's economy, with Guam's Department of Labor reporting that over thirty-one thousand (31,000) workers have been laid off, furloughed, or had work hours reduced as a direct result of the pandemic. Tourism is Guam's main economic driver; therefore, most of these layoffs, furloughs, or reduced work hours have occurred in the service industry. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic and due to the Guam Department of Public Health and Social Services social distancing requirements, many industries on Guam have been open for curbside pick-up or delivery only. Only recently have new orders allowed for restaurant in-dining at minimal capacity. Fox Business News reported in May 2020 that there has been a surge in consumers seeking curbside pick-up and other digital ordering experiences, with food delivery orders nationwide skyrocketing sixty-seven percent (67%) in March 2020 and digital restaurant orders

jumping sixty-three percent (63%), according to data from the market research firm NPD Group.

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I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that during this unprecedented time, when our economy is struggling and many industries have resorted to takeout and/or delivery in order to stay afloat, allowing the sale of pre-packaged or unopened alcoholic beverages along with food items for takeout and/or delivery is one (1) option that can provide some measure of increased revenue for these establishments and their employees. The National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism and the National Restaurant Association have documented that currently, forty-four (44) states allow for takeout or delivery of alcoholic beverage sales, either temporarily through executive order or by permanent statute. These orders and statutes allow establishments that currently possess a valid liquor license and sell alcoholic beverages to consumers on site, to also be able to sell those alcoholic beverages in an unopened, pre-packaged, or sealed state to consumers as take-out or delivery items included with food orders. The National Restaurant Association noted in July 2020 that state-level polling indicating support for making the takeout or delivery of alcoholic beverages permanent ranges between 70% and 85%. Importantly, all local DUI, age regulation, open container, and Responsible Server and Seller Act laws still apply with regard to the take-out or delivery of alcoholic beverages in every jurisdiction.

Additionally, *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* further recognizes that many of the Guam laws and regulations governing the licensing, sale, and handling of alcoholic beverages have not been updated in decades and do not take into consideration the training, technological, and sustainability advances in the service industry, or the changes in consumer purchasing behavior with the increase in online ordering and curbside pick-up and delivery service.

In these challenging economic times, the need to support businesses through the updating of laws is paramount. The success of our business entities means jobs for our people that empower themselves and their families. This Act seeks to update, clarify, or repeal certain sections in Chapter 3 of Title 11, Guam Code Annotated, for this purpose.

Section 2. § 3123 of Article 1, Chapter 3, Title 11, Guam Code Annotated, is hereby *amended* to read:

"§ 3123. Alcohol Employee.

Alcohol employee means a person employed by any on-sale or off-sale licensee who sells or serves alcoholic beverages, or who supervises others who sell or serve alcoholic beverages. This includes, but is not limited to, bartenders, waitresses, waiters, hostesses, hosts, cashiers, checkout clerks, supervisors, and managers of licensees who are holders of Class 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, and 12 ABC Licenses, delivery drivers, and third-party delivery drivers."

Section 3. § 3218 of Article 2, Chapter 3, Title 11, Guam Code Annotated, is hereby *amended* to read:

"§ 3218. License: Retail: On-Sale.

A person holding a retail dealer's on-sale license is authorized to sell to consumers for consumption on the premises where sold or as take-out or delivery items included with food orders in an unopened, pre-packaged, or sealed state to consumers, the alcoholic beverages specified by the Board. "Sealed state" refers to a secure lid or cap that does not contain a sipping hole or opening for a straw, or that could otherwise enable consumption without removing the lid or cap. Licensees must have a prominent warning or sign posted on the premise, online, or in any way possible to alert consumers or the person transporting the beverage that states, "Alcoholic beverages

packaged by this establishment are open containers and may not be transported, possessed, or stored in a motor vehicle, except if secured in a rear compartment or trunk of the vehicle not normally occupied by the driver or passenger, or a rear compartment which is not immediately accessible to the driver or any other passenger, which does not include a glove or utility compartment, while the vehicle is upon a public highway. Further, such alcoholic beverages may not be consumed in any area where the consumption of alcohol is prohibited by law."

Section 4. § 3300 of Article 3, Chapter 3, Title 11, Guam Code Annotated, is hereby *amended* to read:

"§ 3300. License: Restrictions.

- (a) Except in the case of an on-sale beer license, off-sale beer license, public warehouseman's license or temporary beer license, the Board shall not issue a license to any person who is then holding a license of another class. The Board may issue an on-sale beer license and off-sale beer license to one (1) person, a public warehouseman's license to any person holding a manufacturer's license or wholesaler's license and a temporary beer license to any on-sale or off-sale licensee.
- (b) No manufacturer within or outside Guam or any officer, subsidiary, affiliate or other entity in which a manufacturer holds any ownership or interest, directly or indirectly by stock ownership, interlocking directors, trusteeship, loan, mortgage or lien on any real or personal property, shall hold any alcoholic beverage license other than a manufacturer's license in Guam."
- **Section 5.** § 3413 of Article 4, Chapter 3, Title 11, Guam Code Annotated, is hereby *amended* to read:
 - "§ 3413. Same: Consumption Forbidden.

Unless authorized by a license issued for the premises and sold by the licensee,
a person shall not consume any <u>unauthorized</u> alcoholic beverages on any premises
where alcoholic beverages are sold, nor except as prescribed by the Board by
regulation, on any premises open to or used by the public, with the exception that a
licensee may allow a person or entity to bring-your-own off-premise wine bottles
onto the premises with advance permission, to be served by the licensee, wherein
the person or entity may be charged a "corkage fee" set by the licensee in advance.
No person shall consume alcoholic beverages at any bus stops, bus shelters, or any
facility provided for students waiting for bus transportation to and from school. All
monies collected from citations issued pursuant to this Section shall be deposited in
the Police Services Fund."

Section 6. § 3414 of Article 4, Chapter 3, Title 11, Guam Code Annotated, is hereby *amended* to read:

"§ 3414. Hours of Sale: On-Sale Premises.

An on-sale licensee shall not sell or serve any person any alcoholic beverages between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 87:00 a.m.; provided, however, that all alcoholic beverages must be consumed within fifteen (15) minutes of the time permitted for the sale thereof and premise(s) shall be closed no later than 3:00 a.m. thereafter. A licensee may begin selling or serving alcoholic beverages at 87:00 a.m., Monday through Sunday, inclusive."

Section 7. § 3428 of Article 4, Chapter 3, Title 11, Guam Code Annotated, is hereby *repealed*.

"§3428. Same: Size Limited: On-Sale.

A-licensee shall not deliver to any on-sale licensee nor shall any on-sale licensee have in his possession distilled spirits in packages containing more than one gallon or less than one ounce."

1	Section 8. § 3432 of Article 4, Chapter 3, Title 11, Guam Code Annotated,
2	is hereby repealed.
3	"§3432. Stacking Drinks Prohibited.
4	No on sale licensee or agent thereof shall serve more than one drink at
5	any one time to any individual; provided, however, that beer served with a
6	drink of distilled spirits shall be considered a part of such drink."
7	Section 9. § 3433 of Article 4, Chapter 3, Title 11, Guam Code Annotated,
8	is hereby amended to read:
9	"§ 3433. Consumption of Alcoholic Beverages by Licensees and
10	Employees While on Duty Prohibited.
11	No employee, owner, manager, or agent thereof of any licensed
12	premises shall consume or be permitted to consume any alcoholic beverage
13	while on duty on such premises in such public areas where alcoholic
14	beverages are served or sold. Consumption is permitted for training purposes
15	only."
16	Section 10. Severability. If any provision of this Act or its application to any
17	person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity shall
18	not affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect without
19	the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are
20	severable.
21	Section 11. Effective Date. This Act shall be effective upon enactment.