MINA'TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2009 (FIRST) Regular Session

Resolution No. $\mathcal{H}(cor)$

Introduced by:

9 g 16 juli

100 FEB - 5 用 1:38 F. F. Blas, Jr. B. J.F. Cruz J. V. Espaldor

Relative to earnestly requesting the President of the United States of America, the Secretary of the Department of Interior and members of the United States Congress to seriously consider the urgency of and expeditiously act on reimbursing Guam for the amounts unpaid resulting from the increased demands for educational and social services by Freely Associated States citizens and their off-spring who emigrated to Guam as permitted by the Compacts of Free Association.

1 BE IT RESOLVED BY *I MINA'TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN* 2 *GUÅHAN*:

WHEREAS, the governments of the United States of America, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of the Marshall Islands freely entered into a binding treaty through the enactment of United States Public Law 99-239 known as the Compact of Free Association Act of 1985; and

WHEREAS, the government of the United States of America and the Republic
of Palau entered into another binding treaty through the enactment of United Sates
Public Law 99-658 and known as the Compact of Free Association Act of October 1,
1994; and

1 WHEREAS, during the negotiations and discussions leading to the formulation 2 of the Compacts of Free Association, Guam was never consulted or invited to discuss 3 the possible consequences of the treaties; and

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WHEREAS, Title 1, Article IV, Section 141(a) of the Compacts of Free Association permits actions of Freely Associated States to enter, reside, and attend 5 6 school in the United Sates as a non-immigrant aliens without regard to the United 7 States laws regarding passport, visa or work permit requirements, thereby entitling FAS citizens to participate in U.S. education, welfare and social programs; and 8

9 WHEREAS, in 1985 and prior to the implementation of the Compacts of Free 10 Association, the U.S. House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs reported that 11 upon passage of the Act(s), Guam should expect large numbers of migrants of FAS 12 citizens with corresponding demands upon public service; and

13 WHEREAS, in anticipation of the increased demands for services resulting 14 from the migration of FAS citizens, Congress included provisions in the Acts to 15 mitigate the adverse consequences; and

16 WHEREAS, Title I, Section 104(e)(1) of Public Law 99-239 stated that "in approving the Compact (of Free Association), it is not the intent of Congress to cause 17 18 any adverse consequences for the United States territories and commonwealths or the 19 State of Hawaii"; and

20 WHEREAS, Title I, Section 104(e)(4) of Public Law 99-239 states that "if 21 adverse consequences to the United States territories and commonwealths of the State 22 of Hawaii result from the implementation of the Compact of Free Association, the 23 Congress will act sympathetically and expeditiously to redress those adverse 24 consequences"; and

WHEREAS, Title I, Section 104(e)(6) of Public Law 99-239 states that "there 25 26 are hereby appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1985, such 27 sums as may be necessary to cover costs, if any, incurred by the State of Hawaii, the territories of Guam and American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern
 Mariana Islands resulting from any increased demands placed on educational and
 social services by immigrants from the Freely Associated States"; and

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WHEREAS, numerous resolutions and letters have been presented by previous
local and regional legislative bodies, and assemblies of the Western Chief Executives
to members of previous U.S. Congresses, previous U.S. Presidents, and previous
appropriate Secretaries requesting reimbursement of unpaid Compact impact costs;
and

9 WHEREAS, in 2003, United States Public Law 108-188 was enacted and 10 provided a mechanism to reconcile the unreimbursed amounts, however, the funds 11 necessary to go forward with the reconciliation were never appropriated and the costs 12 were not reimbursed; and

WHEREAS, in anticipation of the reconciliation as provided in Public
Law108-188, Guam prepared a report in April 2004 detailing its unpaid Compact
impact costs in the amount of Two Hundred Sixty Nine Million, Three Hundred
Thirteen Thousand, One Hundred Nineteen Dollars (\$269,313,119) for Fiscal Years
1986 – 2003; and

WHEREAS, in January 2008, the government of Guam submitted another
report that detailed the unpaid Compact impact costs for Fiscal Years 2004 – 2007 to
be One Hundred Thirty One Million, Eight Hundred Seventy Four Thousand, Eight
Hundred Ninety Dollars (\$131,874,890); and

WHEREAS, the Department of Interior has not contested nor objected to the amounts detailed in either the 2004 or 2008 reports; and

WHEREAS, neither the 2004 nor the 2008 report include the displacement
 costs or the amounts owed to FAS citizens for Earned Income Credit; and

WHEREAS, an adverse consequence caused by the increased demand and continued failure of the U.S. government to fully reimburse the government of Guam for its Compact impact costs is the inability of the government of Guam to pay its
 debts to service contractors and retirees, and to provide tax refunds in a timely
 manner; and

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WHEREAS, there are thousands of Guam residents, FAS citizens included,
who could use the money owed to them by the government to purchase medicines, to
obtain better healthcare, to buy education supplies, or just to put food on their table;
and

8 WHEREAS, the increasing unreimbursed Compact impact costs have greatly 9 contributed to the financial crisis of the government of Guam and that full 10 reimbursement will greatly assist in the government of Guam's fiscal recovery efforts; 11 and

WHEREAS, although Public Law 29-129, passed by the 29th Guam Legislature 12 and signed into law by Governor Felix P. Camacho on December 31, 2008 directs the 13 14 Attorney General of Guam to initiate all appropriate legal actions necessary for the recovery of Compact impacts reimbursement from the Federal government, there 15 16 remains the optimism and hope that the new Congress and the incoming 17 Administration led by an understanding, compassionate, and committed President will 18 finally take action in reimbursing Guam for its costs, thereby negating the need to sue; 19 now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, that *I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan*, does hereby on behalf of the people of Guam express its extreme disappointment with the United States Government for its continued failure to appropriately and fully reimburse the government of Guam for its Compact impact costs; and be it further

RESOLVED, that *I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan*, does hereby on behalf of the people of Guam earnestly request that the President of the United States and the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Interior commit their unwavering support and assistance to reimburse the amounts owed to the government of Guam for costs resulting from increased demands placed on educational and social services by
 immigrants and their off-spring from the Freely Associated States; and be it further

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RESOLVED, that *I Mina'Trenta na Liheslaturan Guåhan*, does hereby on behalf of the people of Guam also earnestly request the United States to act sympathetically and expeditiously to redress the adverse consequences caused and appropriate the amounts necessary to fully reimburse the government of Guam for the unpaid Compact impact costs incurred from Fiscal Years 1986 to 2007; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Speaker and the Legislative Secretary attest to the 9 10 adoption hereof and that copies of the same be thereafter transmitted to the Honorable Nancy Pelosi, Speaker of the United States House of Representatives; to the 11 12 Honorable Madeleine Z. Bordallo, Chairperson and members of the House Subcommittee on Insular Affairs, Oceans and Wildlife; to the Honorable Dave Obey, 13 Chairperson and members of the House Committee on Appropriations; to the 14 15 Honorable Joseph R. Biden, President of the Senate; to the Honorable Jeff Bingamen, 16 Chairman of the Senate Committee on Energy an Natural Resources; to the Honorable 17 Ron Wyden, Chairman of the Subcommittee on Public Lands and Forests; to the 18 Honorable Barack H. Obama, President of the United States of America; to the 19 Honorable Ken Salazar, Secretary of the Department of Interior; and to the Honorable 20 Felix P. Camacho, I Maga'lahen Guåhan, Governor of Guam.