I Mina'trentai Sais Na Liheslaturan Guåhan THE THIRTY-SIXTH GUAM LEGISLATURE Bill HISTORY 4/6/2021 5:27 PM

I Mina'trentai Sais Na Liheslaturan Guåhan BILL STATUS

	BILL NO.	SPONSOR	TITLE	DATE INTRODUCED	DATE REFERRED	CMTE REFERRED	PUBLIC HEARING DATE	DATE COMMITTEE REPORT FILED	FISCAL NOTES	NOTES
		Mary Camacho Torres	AN ACT TO AMEND §1302, §1308, AND §1310(b)(1)(A) OF ARTICLE 3,	4/6/21						
	108-36 (COR)	Tina Rose Muña Barnes	CHAPTER 1, TITLE 26, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS,	5:19 p.m.						
		Amanda L. Shelton	RELATIVE TO STREAMLINING ADOPTION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES IN	·						
		Telena Cruz Nelson	GUAM.							
		Jose "Pedo" Terlaje								
		Joe S. San Agustin								
		Frank Blas Jr.								
		James C. Moylan								
		V. Anthony Ada								
		Christopher M. Duenas								

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I MINA'TRENTAI SAIS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2021 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 108-36 (COR)

Introduced	by:

Mary Camacho Torres May Che Tina Rose Muña Barnes A Amanda L. Shelton Telena Cruz Nelson Jose "Pedo" Terlaje Joe S. San Agustin Frank F. Blas Jr. James C. Moylan V. Anthony Ada Christopher M. Duenas

AN ACT TO AMEND §1302, §1308, AND §1310(b)(1)(A) OF ARTICLE 3, CHAPTER 1, TITLE 26, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, RELATIVE TO STREAMLINING ADOPTION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES IN GUAM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM: 1 Section 1. §1302 of Article 3, Chapter 1, Title 26, Guam Administrative 2 Rules and Regulations is hereby amended to read: 3 "§1302. Intent of the Law. 4 (a) According to Section 221.1 of the Civil Code of Guam and Public Law 13-5 133, the purpose of the adoption law is: "to protect and promote the welfare 6 of children, natural parents and adoptive parents and thereby promote the 7 welfare of the Territory of Guam." 8

1	(b) The law, therefore, provides several basic safeguards, including the
2	requirement that:
3	(1) the child be legally free for adoption; that natural parent's consent
4	or termination of their parental rights have been secured by judicial
5	decree;
6	(2) that the child is placed in an adoptive home by Social Services or an
7	adoption agency duly licensed under Guam law, except in relative
8	adoptions;
9	(3) that social studies be submitted and considered prior to judgment on
10	adoption petitioners;
11	(4) and that the child live in the adoptive home for a period of <u>up to</u> one
12	year under the guidance and supervision of Social Services or an
13	adoption agency duly licensed under Guam law."
14	Section 2. §1308 of Article 3, Chapter 1, Title 26, Guam Administrative
15	Rules and Regulations is hereby amended to read:
16	"§1308. Selection of Adoptive Parents-Adoption Screening Committee.
17	(a) Purpose: The Adoption Screening Committee (ASC) has the
18	responsibility of reviewing adoption applications and eventually selecting adoptive
19	parents for each child legally available for adoption and/or given up to this agency
20	for placement.
21	(b) Composition of Committee: The Adoption Section Committee shall be
22	composed of, but not limited to, the following four (4) on-going members:
23	(1) The Adoption Supervisor.
24	(2) Natural Parent's caseworker or child(ren)'s caseworker.
25	(3) Adoption caseworker not involved in the case.
26	(4) A third social worker or other staff assigned by the Adoption
27	Supervisor.

(5) A representative from an independent adoption agency.

- (c) Chairman of the Committee. The Chairman of the Committee shall be appointed by the Adoption Supervisor. Said Supervisor may assume the position of Chairman and shall have equal voting rights. The duties of the Chairman shall include:
 - (1) Making arrangements for the group to meet initially, as soon as possible, but no later than a month prior to the estimated date of delivery (EDD) of the natural mother. Otherwise, If the child is already born, and older than one month old, the ASC shall meet as soon as possible. An infant relinquished under the Newborn Infant Safe Haven Act, pursuant to Article 5, Chapter 13 of Title 19, Guam Code Annotated, will not require a meeting under the ASC.
- (2) Designating assignments or tasks for the members, who shall meet at least weekly until adoptive parents are selected for the child.
- (d) Recording of Committee Decisions: The Chairman shall designate a secretary to record the step-by step decisions made by the committee, including the names of applicants screened and reasons for their acceptance or rejection in the deliberations. The decision of the Committee regarding the Adoptive Parents chosen shall be preliminary, pending concurrence by the Social Services Administrator, who shall review the minutes and home studies of the Applicants, and provide the Committee with written feedback within five (5) working days thereafter.

(e) Considerations in the Screening Process:

(1) The Committee shall first make reasonable efforts to respect the natural parent(s) wishes regarding the religion, race and/or age of the prospective adoptive parent(s).

1	(2) The Committee shall next make reasonable efforts to match each
2	child with an applicant who has requested a child with similar characteristics
3	as to age and sex.
4	(3) If more than one applicant meets the above criteria, the committee
5	shall give preference to childless applicant(s). Among childless applicants,
6	those who applied first shall be preferred.
7	(f) Criteria for For Selection of Adoptive Parent(s):
8	(1) The primary consideration in selection Adoptive Parent(s) should
9	be the special needs and "best interests" of the child.
10	(2) The capabilities of the potential parents to meet these needs is the
11	next factor in matching child with Adoptive Parents.
12	(3) If at all possible, the child will be matched with characteristics of
13	the potential Adoptive Parents (e.g., ethnicity, physical characteristics, etc.)
14	to increase the chances of the child "fitting in" with the family.
15	(4) Handicapped or disabled children, or those with special needs, may
16	have other specific criteria made applicable - to be determined by the
17	Adoption Selection Committee, as needed.
18	(5) For all Native American (Indian) children, efforts must be made to
19	place these children with American Indian families, in accordance with the
20	Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978 (P.L. 95-608).
21	(6) The Adoption Selection Committee shall compile a list of Specific
22	Criteria to be used for selection on a case_by_case basis.
23	(7) Priority consideration will be given to current foster parents, if
24	applicable.
25	(g) Procedures in Making Selection:
26	(1) The Committee, when using the above priorities and criteria for
27	selection, shall narrow down the applicants to three (3) names.

(2) The Chairman shall assign an each applicant to each a committee member to interview individually and to conduct a pre-adoption home study.
All applicants must be interviewed.
(3) Upon completion of home studies, the committee will review each home study, and request another interviews of all three (3) applicants, if

- home study and request another interview of all three (3) applicants, if necessary, in order to make the final selection.
- (4) Selection of the family at this point, however, must be recognized as preliminary, dependent on adjustment of child and family, and prior concurrence by the Social Services Administrator on the decision of the Committee.

(h) Procedures involving the Adoptive Child:

- (1) Prior to birth, after the natural parent(s) has signed initial "Relinquishment of Parental Rights" papers, the caseworker shall make arrangement with the hospital involved to take custody of the child and immediately contact an adoption agency to take guardianship upon discharge from the hospital. The following guidelines should be adhered to:
- (A) Copy A copy of the Relinquishment papers shall be given to hospital officials, particularly the Obstetrics department.
- (B) <u>The Obstetric (OB)</u> Nurse shall be given instructions that the mother shall not see the newborn, if that decision has been made, and that the mother has chosen not to take part in the childbirth-child care classes.
- (C) <u>The adoption</u> Adoption worker shall request that the agency be informed of discharge date of the mother and child. The adoption Adoption worker shall make arrangements with the hospital personnel to have the mother discharged sooner than the child's discharge.
- (2) The newborn child shall be taken by <u>an adoption agency</u> representative to a pre-approved adoptive home or temporary shelter care

1	home until permanent placement occurs. the natural parent's caseworker to a
2	previously arranged foster home, if an adoptive home has not yet been
3	selected.
4	(3) The caseworker Caseworker shall immediately afterwards, or prior
5	to placement, if possible, secure an Ex Parte Order from the Court, granting
6	the Division of Social Services the temporary legal custody of said child,
7	pending the Termination of Parental Rights and subsequent adoption.
8	(4) A Power of Attorney should also be prepared, signed by the
9	caseworker and the Administrator of Social Services, and provided to the
10	prospective adoptive parents or foster family so that they can arrange for
11	medical treatment of the child or any of the child's routine legal affairs which
12	require a parent's consent.
13	(5) For older children, follow guidelines stipulated in number 3 and 4."
14	Section 3. §1310(b)(1)(A) of Article 3, Chapter 1, Title 26, Guam
15	Administrative Rules and Regulations is hereby amended to read:
16	"§1310. Preparation for For Placement. (a) Placement of a child in
17	an adoptive home shall be made only after the child and the adoptive parents
18	are prepared for it.
19	(b) The social worker shall prepare the following persons for
20	placement;
21	(1) The Child: Except for infants, preparation should be
22	consistent with the child's age, emotional maturity and understanding.
23	Preparation shall include:
24	(A) Worker shall help child understand why he is being
25	placed, why his family and/or foster family cannot take care of
26	him, when she/he is going, what adoption is like and what
27	adontion means"

Section 4. Severability. If any provision of this Act or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.