

I MINA'TRENTAI SIETTE NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN

2024 (SECOND) Regular Session

VOTING RECORD

Bill No. 142-37 (COR) As amended by the Committee on Fire, Agriculture, Power and Energy Utilities, Public Transit, Unemployment Insurance and Universal Health Insurance; and further amended on the Floor.	Speaker Antonio R. Unpingco Legislative Session Hall Guam Congress Building February 23, 2024					
NAME	Aye	Nay	Not Voting/ Abstained	Out During Roll Call	Absent	Excused
Senator Chris Barnett		✓				
Senator Frank Blas, Jr.	✓					
Senator Joanne Brown		✓				
Senator Christopher M. Dueñas	✓					
Senator Thomas J. Fisher	✓					
Senator Jesse A. Lujan	✓					
Vice Speaker Tina Rose Muña Barnes	✓					
Senator William A. Parkinson	✓					
Senator Sabina Flores Perez		✓				
Senator Roy A. B. Quinata	✓					
Senator Joe S. San Agustin	✓					
Senator Dwayne T. D. San Nicolas	✓					
Senator Amanda L. Shelton	✓					
Senator Telo T. Taitague	✓					
Speaker Therese M. Terlaje		✓				

TOTAL

11

4

0

0

Aye

Nay

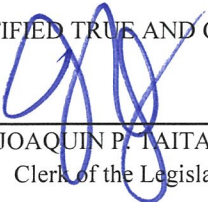
Not
Voting/
Abstained

Out
During
Roll Call

Absent

Excused

CERTIFIED TRUE AND CORRECT:


 JOAQUIN P. TAITAGUE
 Clerk of the Legislature

I = Pass

I MINA'TRENTAI SIETTE NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN
2023 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 142-37 (COR)

As amended by the Committee on Fire,
Agriculture, Power and Energy Utilities,
Public Transit, Unemployment Insurance,
and Universal Health Insurance; and further
amended on the Floor.

*

Introduced by:

William A. Parkinson

**AN ACT TO AMEND §§ 8502(c)(2)(B) AND 8505(b)(3) OF
ARTICLE 5, CHAPTER 8, TITLE 12, GUAM CODE
ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO NET METERING.**

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* finds and declares that during the recovery after Typhoon Mawar it has shown that, despite improvements, Guam still relies heavily on traditional power-generation systems.

Nearly twenty (20) years ago, *I Liheslatura* recognized that photovoltaic, solar technology and other alternative energy-generation systems could help expand and safeguard the island's electric supply by the enactment of Public Law 27-132.

I Liheslatura finds that the one hundred (100) kilowatt generating capacity limit for Guam Power Authority non-residential class customers was set over thirteen (13) years ago by the enactment of Public Law 30-141.

I Liheslatura further finds that, since then, technology for renewable energy generation and storage has advanced significantly and will only continue to improve.

I Liheslatura further finds that increasing the limit for non-residential class customers to five hundred (500) kilowatts would create an opportunity for entities

1 that provide critical services to our island community to be less reliant on fossil fuels
2 and continue operations during a power outage and or fuel shortages.

3 *I Liheslatura* further finds that increasing the ability of businesses to
4 maximize the use of solar energy technology aligns with the mandates of Public Law
5 35-46, which requires the Guam Power Authority (GPA) to “establish a preliminary
6 renewables portfolio standard goal of one hundred percent (100%) of its net
7 electricity sales by December 31, 2045.”

8 Therefore, it is the intent of *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* to promote the use of
9 renewable energy sources and permit businesses to maximize the use of solar energy
10 technology in a manner that provides environmental and economic benefits.

11 **Section 2.** § 8502(c)(2)(B) of Article 5, Chapter 8, Title 12, Guam Code
12 Annotated, is hereby *amended* to read as follows:

13 “(2) has a generating capacity limited to the following, provided,
14 however, that the rated capacity of the renewable energy generation does not
15 exceed the customer-generator power service entrance capacity:

16 (A) not exceed twenty-five (25) kilowatts for Guam Power
17 Authority residential class customers; and

18 (B) not exceed five hundred (500) kilowatts for Guam Power
19 Authority non-residential class customers provided that:

20 (i) non-residential class customers add and maintain
21 not less than one (1) full hour of battery backup if the non-
22 residential class customer exceeds two hundred-fifty (250)
23 kilowatts;

24 (ii) prior to authorizing additional solar power capacity
25 of more than two hundred-fifty (250) kilowatts, the Guam Power
26 Authority shall certify the non-residential class customer has

1 installed a suitable battery back up system consistent with the
2 requirements, supra.”

3 **Section 3.** § 8505(b)(3) of Article 5, Chapter 8, Title 12, Guam Code
4 Annotated, is hereby *amended* to read as follows:

5 “(b) The net energy measurement must be calculated in the following
6 manner:

7 (3) If the electricity generated by the customer-generator
8 which is fed back to the utility exceeds the electricity supplied by the
9 utility during the billing period, the customer-generator is entitled to
10 compensation for electricity provided to the utility during the billing
11 period at a rate to be determined by the Public Utilities Commission.
12 However, non-residential class customers with a customer-generator
13 that exceeds one hundred (100) kilowatts in generating capacity shall
14 not be entitled to compensation for any electricity provided to the utility
15 under this Section.”

16 **Section 4. Effective Date.** This Act shall be effective upon enactment.