#### I Mina'trentai Singko Na Liheslaturan Guåhan BILL STATUS

BILL NO.	SPONSOR	тпсе	DATE INTRODUCED	DATE REFERRED	CMTE REFERRED	PUBLIC HEARING DATE	DATE COMMITTEE REPORT FILED	FISCAL NOTES	NOTES
<b>185-35 (COR)</b> As amended by the Committee on Health, Tourism, Historic Preservation, Land and Justice; and substituted and amended on the Floor	Sabina Flores Perez Louise B. Muña James C. Moylan Joe S. San Agustin Amanda L. Shelton Mary Camacho Torres Telo T. Taitague Kelly Marsh (Taitano), PhD Régine Biscoe Lee Jose "Pedo" Terlaje	AN ACT TO AMEND §§ 70.01 THROUGH 70.11 OF ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 70, TITLE 9 AND § 34111, CHAPTER 34, TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND TO AMEND § 3119 (a), CHAPTER 3, TITLE 9, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, AND REPEAL §§ 34112, 34120, AND 34205, CHAPTER 34, TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND REPEAL §3116 (b) AND (c), AND PART 6, OF CHAPTER 3, TITLE 9, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE PROTECTING ANIMAL WELFARE AND SAFETY (PAWS) ACT, ALSO KNOWN AS PUGUA'S LAW.	7/29/19 12:21 p.m.	10/9/19	Committee on Health, Tourism, Historic Preservation, Land, and Justice			Waiver: 8/7/19	
	SESSION DATE	TITLE	DATE PASSED	TRANSMITTED	DUE DATE	PUBLIC LAW NO.	DATE SIGNED		NOTES
	12/7/20	AN ACT TO AMEND AND RENUMBER §§ 70.01 THROUGH 70.11 OF ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 70, TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED; TO AMEND § 34111 OF ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 34, TITLE 9, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS; AND TO <i>REPEAL</i> §§ 34112, 34120, AND 34205 OF CHAPTER 34, TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND § 3116(b) AND (c) OF PART 3, AND PART 6, ALL OF CHAPTER 3, TITLE 9, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE <i>PROTECTING ANIMAL</i> WELFARE AND SAFETY ( <i>PAWS</i> ) ACT, ALSO KNOWN AS <i>PUGLIA'S</i> LAW; CRADTING NEW CRIMINAL CHARGES FOR EMPLOYERS AND INDIVIDUALS, AND REPEALING PREVIOUS PROTECTIONS FOR INDIVIDUALS, AND REPEALING PREVIOUS PROTECTIONS FOR DAND TO INCRESE FROM TRESPASS; AND AMENDING PREVIOUS PROTECTIONS FROM ANIMAL ATTACKS.	12/23/20	12/23/20	1/4/21	35-144	1/22/21	Received: 1/22/21 Mess and Comm. Doc. No. 36GL-21-0100	

island, and our existing statutes were simply not enough to prevent the mistreatment of animals or punish the individuals responsible for such mistreatment. Consequently, news reports and stories on social media frequently detail stories of extreme acts of cruelty against animals, often for sport or entertainment. Many of us have also witnessed more subtle acts of abuse and neglect due to inhumane living conditions in our own communities. It is my sincere hope that implementation of Bill No. 185-35, which is now known as **Public Law No. 35-144**, or *Pugua's Law*, in particular its S13 W. Marine Corps Drive Hagaina. Guam 96910 governor.guam.gov [ (671) 472-8931 Dec. No. 36GL-21-0100.\*

Buenas yan Hafa Adai Madame Speaker!

BILL NO. 185-35 (COR) - AN ACT TO AMEND AND RENUMBER RE: SUBSECTIONS 70.01 THROUGH 70.11 OF ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 70, TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED; TO AMEND SUBSECTION34111 OF ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 34, TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND SUBSECTION 3119(a) OF PART 3, CHAPTER 3, TITLE 8, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS; AND TO REPEAL SUBSECTIONS 34112, 34120, AND 34205 OF CHAPTER 34, TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND SUBSECTION 3116(b) AND (c) OF PART 3, AND PART 6, ALL OF CHAPTER 3, TITLE 9, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE PROTECTING ANIMAL WELFARE AND SAFETY (PAWS) ACT, ALSO KNOWN AS PUGUA'S LAW; AND TO INCREASE CIVIL LIABILITIES AND CRIMINAL SENTENCES, CREATING NEW CRIMINAL CHARGES FOR EMPLOYERS AND INDIVIDUALS, AND REPEALING PREVIOUS PROTECTIONS FOR LANDOWNERS FROM TRESPASS; AND AMENDING PREVIOUS PROTECTIONS FROM ANIMAL ATTACKS

A quote widely attributed to Mahatma Gandhi states that "the greatness of a nation and its moral progress can be judged by the way its animals are treated." Bill No. 185-35, also known as the Protecting Animal Welfare and Safety (PAWS) Act, seeks to fill critical gaps in local law addressing the humane treatment of Guam's animals. Animal abuse comes in many forms on our

#### **HONORABLE THERESE M. TERLAJE**

Speaker I Mina 'trentai Sais Na Liheslaturan Guåhan 36<sup>th</sup> Guam Legislature Guam Congress Building 163 Chalan Santo Papa Hagåtña, Guam 96910

Doc Type: 36GL 21-0100

-**JI**- 22 2021

Time: **Received:** 



UFISINAN I MAGA'HÅGAN GUÅHAN OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR OF GUAM

LOURDES A. LEON GUERRERO GOVERNOR

January 22, 2021

JOSHUA F. TENORIO LI. GOVERNOR



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> UFISINAN I MAGA'HÅGAN GUÅHAN OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR OF GUAM

January 22, 2021

#### **HONORABLE THERESE M. TERLAJE**

Speaker I Mina'trentai Sais Na Liheslaturan Guåhan 36<sup>th</sup> Guam Legislature Guam Congress Building 163 Chalan Santo Papa Hagåtña, Guam 96910

RE: BILL NO. 185-35 (COR) - AN ACT TO AMEND AND RENUMBER SUBSECTIONS 70.01 THROUGH 70.11 OF ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 70, TITLE 9, **GUAM CODE ANNOTATED; TO AMEND SUBSECTION34111 OF ARTICLE 1,** CHAPTER 34, TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND SUBSECTION 3119(a) OF PART 3, CHAPTER 3, TITLE 8, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS; AND TO REPEAL SUBSECTIONS 34112, 34120, AND 34205 OF CHAPTER 34, TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND SUBSECTION 3116(b) AND (c) OF PART 3, AND PART 6, ALL OF CHAPTER 3, TITLE 9, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE PROTECTING ANIMAL WELFARE AND SAFETY (PAWS) ACT, ALSO KNOWN AS PUGUA'S LAW; AND TO INCREASE CIVIL LIABILITIES AND CRIMINAL SENTENCES, CREATING NEW CRIMINAL CHARGES FOR EMPLOYERS AND INDIVIDUALS, AND REPEALING PREVIOUS PROTECTIONS FOR LANDOWNERS FROM TRESPASS; AND AMENDING PREVIOUS PROTECTIONS FROM ANIMAL ATTACKS

Buenas yan Hafa Adai Madame Speaker!

A quote widely attributed to Mahatma Gandhi states that "the greatness of a nation and its moral progress can be judged by the way its animals are treated." Bill No. 185-35, also known as the Protecting Animal Welfare and Safety (PAWS) Act, seeks to fill critical gaps in local law addressing the humane treatment of Guam's animals. Animal abuse comes in many forms on our island, and our existing statutes were simply not enough to prevent the mistreatment of animals or punish the individuals responsible for such mistreatment. Consequently, news reports and stories on social media frequently detail stories of extreme acts of cruelty against animals, often for sport or entertainment. Many of us have also witnessed more subtle acts of abuse and neglect due to inhumane living conditions in our own communities. It is my sincere hope that implementation of Bill No. 185-35, which is now known as *Public Law No. 35-144*, or *Pugua's Law*, in particular its

enhancements to available penalties for offenders, will help us raise the standard of animal welfare and safety on our island to a level that reflects the compassion and kindness of our people.

Senseremente,

dou dem Kuerrero

LOURDES A. LEON GUERRERO Maga 'hågan Guåhan Governor of Guam

Enclosure(s): Bill No. 185-35 (COR) nka P.L. 35-144

cc: Honorable Joshua F. Tenorio, Sigundo Maga'låhen Guåhan Compiler of Laws

#### I MINA'TRENTAI SINGKO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2020 (SECOND) Regular Session

#### **CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO I MAGA'HÅGAN GUÅHAN**

This is to certify that **Bill No. 185-35** (COR), "AN ACT TO *AMEND* AND *RENUMBER* §§ 70.01 THROUGH 70.11 OF ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 70, TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED; TO *AMEND* § 34111 OF ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 34, TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND § 3119(a) OF PART 3, CHAPTER 3, TITLE 9, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS; AND TO *REPEAL* §§ 34112, 34120, AND 34205 OF CHAPTER 34, TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND § 3116(b) AND (c) OF PART 3, AND PART 6, ALL OF CHAPTER 3, TITLE 9, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE *PROTECTING ANIMAL WELFARE AND SAFETY (PAWS) ACT*, ALSO KNOWN AS *PUGUA'S LAW*; AND TO INCREASE CIVIL LIABILITIES AND CRIMINAL SENTENCES, CREATING NEW CRIMINAL CHARGES FOR EMPLOYERS AND INDIVIDUALS, AND REPEALING PREVIOUS PROTECTIONS FOR LANDOWNERS FROM TRESPASS; AND AMENDING PREVIOUS PROTECTIONS FROM ANIMAL ATTACKS," was on the 23<sup>rd</sup> of December 2020, duly and regularly passed.

**Rose Muña Barnes** Speaker

Attested:

Amanda L. Shelton Legislative Secretary

This Act was received by I Maga'hågan Guåhan this _	23rd	_ day of Dec	, 2020, at
2:39 o'clock P.M.	_		

Assistant StaffOfficer Maga'håga's Office

**APPROVED:** 

Lourdes A. Leon Guerrero I Maga'hågan Guåhan

Date:	22	303	21	
Public Law No	+	a	35144	

### I MINA'TRENTAI SINGKO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2019 (FIRST) Regular Session

\*) \*

#### Bill No. 185-35 (COR)

As amended by the Committee on Health, Tourism, Historic Preservation, Land and Justice; and substituted and amended on the Floor.

Introduced by:

Sabina Flores Perez Louise B. Muña James C. Moylan Joe S. San Agustin Amanda L. Shelton Mary Camacho Torres Telo T. Taitague Kelly Marsh (Taitano), PhD Régine Biscoe Lee Jose "Pedo" Terlaje William M. Castro

Tina Rose Muña Barnes Telena Cruz Nelson Clynton E. Ridgell Therese M. Terlaje

AN ACT TO AMEND AND RENUMBER §§ 70.01 THROUGH 70.11 OF ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 70, TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED; TO AMEND § 34111 OF ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 34. TITLE 10. GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND § 3119(a) OF PART 3, CHAPTER 3, TITLE 9, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS; AND TO REPEAL §§ 34112, 34120, AND 34205 OF CHAPTER 34, TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND § 3116(b) AND (c) OF PART 3, AND PART 6, ALL OF CHAPTER 3, TITLE 9, GUAM ADMINISTRATIVE **RULES AND REGULATIONS, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING** THE PROTECTING ANIMAL WELFARE AND SAFETY (PAWS) ACT, ALSO KNOWN AS PUGUA'S LAW; AND TO INCREASE **CIVIL LIABILITIES AND CRIMINAL SENTENCES, CREATING CRIMINAL CHARGES FOR EMPLOYERS** NEW AND INDIVIDUALS, AND REPEALING PREVIOUS PROTECTIONS FOR LANDOWNERS FROM TRESPASS; AND AMENDING PREVIOUS PROTECTIONS FROM ANIMAL ATTACKS.

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#### **BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:**

2 Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. On September 27, 2018, a pet 3 dog named Pugua was found shot and killed in the carport of a Yigo home. His case 4 galvanized our community to rally against animal abuse. With our island's well-5 established concern and advocacy for the welfare of animals, our laws must now be 6 updated to reflect our values.

a)

*I Liheslaturan Guåhan* finds that it is the intent of the government of Guam to properly protect and promote the well-being and safety of animals. As such, the *Protecting Animal Welfare and Safety (PAWS) Act* reinforces existing standards for animal welfare and provides best practices to ban previously unaddressed forms of cruelty to animals, such as bestiality, and improves the ability to enforce these laws. The *PAWS Act* further establishes pre-conviction processes regarding rights

13 and procedures for seizing an animal. The measure also includes post-conviction 14 procedures regarding community service, education, mental health evaluation and 15 treatment, and restitution.

Exemptions are maintained for self-defense, hunting of game animals, public health emergencies, animals properly raised and managed for food, accepted veterinarian practices or good animal husbandry, proper eradication of invasive species, disinfestation of pests, and cockfighting.

With these measures, *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* intends to increase protections for the betterment of animal welfare and safety. Once enacted, the *PAWS Act* shall also be referred to as *Pugua's Law*, to honor the memory of the pet who spurred the need to update Guam's cruelty to animal laws.

Section 2. §§ 70.01 through 70.11 of Article 1, Chapter 70, Title 9, Guam
Code Annotated, are hereby *amended* and *renumbered* to read:

1	"§ 70. 10. Title.
2	§§ 70.10 through 70.10.15 of this Article may be cited as the <i>Protecting</i>
3	Animal Welfare and Safety (PAWS) Act or Pugua's Law.
4	§ 70.10.1. Definitions.
5	For the purposes of §§ 70.10 through 70.10.15 of this Article:
6	(a) Animal means any nonhuman mammal, bird, reptile,
7	amphibian, or fish, and is inclusive of, but not limited to, livestock and
8	domestic animals.
9	(b) Caregiving agency means an animal shelter, humane
10	society, or other animal care agency that has as its principal purpose the
11	humane treatment of animals, and that has temporary custody of an
12	animal after the animal has been seized.
13	(c) Domestic animal means any animal, other than livestock,
14	that is owned by a person or in a person's possession.
15	(d) Good animal husbandry includes, but is not limited to, the
16	dehorning of cattle, the docking of horses, sheep or swine, and the
17	castration or neutering of livestock, or the ear cropping and tail docking
18	of dogs, according to accepted practices of veterinary medicine or
19	animal husbandry.
20	(e) Guardian means a person who has possession, title,
21	ownership interest, or other legal interest in an animal.
22	(f) Livestock means cattle, carabao, swine, deer, sheep, goats,
23	equine, and poultry raised for labor, food, or other purposes.
24	(g) Minimum care means care reasonably sufficient to
25	preserve the health and well-being of an animal and, except for
26	emergencies or circumstances beyond the reasonable control of the
27	guardian, includes, but is not limited to, the following requirements:

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open or adequate access to food of reasonable (1)1 quantity and quality to allow for normal growth or maintenance 2 of body weight; 3 (2)open or adequate access to potable water of 4 reasonable quality and quantity to satisfy the animal's needs; 5 access to a structure reasonably sufficient to protect (3) 6 the animal from wind, rain, sun, or other environmental or 7 weather conditions; 8 veterinary and other care deemed necessary by a (4) 9 reasonably prudent person to relieve distress from injury, 10 neglect, or disease; 11 for a domestic animal, continuous access to an area: 12 (5) with reasonably adequate space for exercise (A) 13 necessary for the health of the animal; 14 with air temperature reasonably suitable for **(B)** 15 the health of the domestic animal; 16 with adequate ventilation; (C)17 with regular diurnal lighting cycles of either (D)18 natural or artificial light; and 19 kept reasonably clean and free from excess 20 (E)waste or other contaminants that could affect the health of 21 the animal(s). 22 (h) Officer means a member of the Guam Police Department, 23 a Mayor of Guam, an Animal Control Officer, a Conservation Officer, 24 or any other person authorized by law by the Chief of the Guam Police 25 Department or by the Director of the Department of Agriculture. 26

(i) *Person* means an individual, corporation, trust, partnership, association, or any other legal entity.

(j) *Physical injury* means physical trauma, impairment of
condition, or pain or illness produced by violence or by a thermal or
chemical agent, and includes, but is not limited to, starvation,
dehydration, hypothermia, hyperthermia, muscle atrophy, restriction of
blood flow to a limb or organ, mange or other skin disease, or parasitic
infestation.

9 (k) *Physical trauma* means fractures, cuts, punctures, bruises,
10 burns, or other wounds.

11(l) Possession means to have physical custody or to exercise12dominion with intent of ownership or control over an animal.

(m) Serious physical injury means physical injury that creates
a substantial risk of death or that causes protracted disfigurement,
protracted impairment of health, or protracted loss or impairment of the
function of a limb, body part, or bodily organ.

17 (n) *Torture* means an action taken with the intent of inflicting
18 or prolonging pain or suffering.

19(o) Suffering means fear, agitation, severe depression or20stress, or other forms of severe emotional or mental distress.

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#### § 70.10.2. Animal Neglect (Violation).

(a) A person commits the offense of Animal Neglect if, except as
otherwise authorized by § 70.10.11 of this Article, the person intentionally,
knowingly, or recklessly fails to provide minimum care for an animal in the
person's possession.

(b) Animal Neglect is an offense punishable by a fine of not more
than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500) per offense.

Each act or omission in violation of Subsection (a) of this Section (c) 1 shall constitute a separate offense. 2 § 70.10.3. Animal Abuse. 3 A person commits the crime of Animal Abuse if, except as (a) 4 otherwise authorized by § 70.10.11 of this Article, the person intentionally, 5 knowingly, recklessly, or with criminal negligence: 6 causes physical injury to an animal; 7 (1)causes serious physical injury to an animal; or (2)8 (3)causes the death of an animal. 9 Animal Abuse under Subsection (a)(1) of this Section is a 10 (b)misdemeanor. Animal Abuse under Subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) of this Section 11 is a third degree felony. 12 Each act or omission in violation of Subsection (a) of this Section (c) 13 shall constitute a separate offense. 14 § 70.10.4. Aggravated Animal Abuse. 15 16 (a) A person commits the crime of Aggravated Animal Abuse if, except as otherwise authorized by § 70.10.11 of this Article, the person 17 intentionally, knowingly, recklessly, or with criminal negligence: 18 (1)tortures an animal; or 19 causes the death of an animal under circumstances (2)20 demonstrating malice aforethought. 21 Aggravated Animal Abuse is a second degree felony. 22 **(b)** Each act or omission in violation of Subsection (a) of this Section 23 (c) shall constitute a separate offense. 24 § 70.10.5. Animal Fighting. 25 No person shall cause, sponsor, aid, abet, arrange, hold, or 26 (a) encourage any animal to fight, menace, or injure another animal for the 27

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(b) For the purposes of this Section, a person encourages an animal to fight, menace or injure another animal for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain, if the person:

 (1) is knowingly present at or wagers on such an occurrence of fighting, menacing, or injuring for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain;

9 (2) owns, trains, transports, possesses, has custody or control 10 of, breeds, or equips an animal with the intent that such animal will be 11 engaged in such an occurrence of fighting, menacing, or injuring for the 12 purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain;

(3) knowingly allows any such occurrence of fighting,
menacing, or injuring for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary
gain to occur on any property owned or controlled by the person;

16 (4) knowingly allows any animal to be used for such an
17 occurrence of fighting, menacing, or injuring for the purpose of sport,
18 amusement, or pecuniary gain to be kept, boarded, housed, or trained
19 on, or transported in, any property owned or controlled by the person;

(5) knowingly advertises or uses any means of
 communication for the purpose of promoting such an occurrence of
 fighting, menacing, or injuring for the purpose of sport, amusement, or
 pecuniary gain; or

24 (6) knowingly possesses, owns, buys, sells, transfers, or
25 manufactures any animal used for fighting, menacing, or injuring for
26 the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain; or any device

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intended to train or enhance the animal's fighting, menacing or injuring ability for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain.

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Any violation of Subsection (a) of this Section shall constitute (c) Animal Fighting, which is a third degree felony.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the penalty for a (d)violation of Subsection (a) of this Section shall be confinement in a correctional facility in accordance with Article 2 of 9 GCA Chapter 80 and a fine of not less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) and no more than Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000), or both, per violation. Additionally, any person convicted of any violation of this Section may be subject to seizure of any personal property, including vehicles, and real property at which the animal fight was staged.

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Nothing in this Section shall constitute a prohibition or ban on (e) the possession, lawful importation/exportation, breeding, or selling of any breed of dog.

Veterinarians and/or physicians and/or health professionals are (f) 16 required to report suspected animal fighting incidents, excluding cockfighting 17 as authorized by law, that come to their attention through the provision of 18 medical services to an animal to the Guam Police Department within five (5) 19 days of learning of animal fighting incidents. Failure to do so shall result in 20 potential loss of licensure if deemed appropriate by the appropriate licensure 21 agencies. Any veterinarians, physicians, or health professionals making a 22 report under this Subsection shall be immune from any civil or criminal 23 liability by reason of making the report, unless the report was made in bad 24 faith. 25

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§ 70.10.6. Sexual Assault of an Animal. (a) A person commits the crime of Sexual Assault of an Animal if the person knowingly:

(1) touches or contacts, or causes an object or another person to touch or contact, the mouth, anus, or sex organs of an animal or animal carcass for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of a person; or

7 (2) causes an animal or animal carcass to touch or contact, the
8 mouth, anus, or sex organs of a person for the purpose of arousing or
9 gratifying the sexual desire of a person.

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(b) Sexual Assault of an Animal is a third degree felony.

(c) Each act in violation of Subsection (a) of this Section shall
 constitute a separate offense.

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§ 70.10.7. Bodily Alterations, Disablements, or Removals.

(a) It is unlawful for any person to remove or permanently alter or
disable, or cause or procure to be removed or permanently altered or disabled,
any part or organ, or the function of any part or organ, of an animal, except as
necessary for proper and lawful veterinary care, population control, or good
animal husbandry; provided, that population control or good animal
husbandry is under the supervision or instruction of a licensed veterinarian,
and:

(1) all surgical procedures must be performed or supervised
 by a licensed veterinarian in accordance with the American
 Veterinarian Medical Association policy, and the veterinarian shall
 counsel pet owners about the matter before agreeing to perform these
 surgeries and shall record said consultation in the pet's record; and

26 (2) any person performing procedures for population control
 27 of livestock or good animal husbandry for livestock may do so without

direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian; provided, that said person
 has been properly trained by a licensed veterinarian and properly
 conducts said procedures in accordance with generally accepted
 industry standards.

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(b) A violation of Subsection (a) of this Section is a misdemeanor.

6 (c) Each act in violation of Subsection (a) of this Section shall
7 constitute a separate offense.

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#### § 70.10.8. Animal Abandonment.

9 (a) A person commits the offense of Animal Abandonment if the 10 person intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly leaves a domestic animal at a 11 location without providing for the animal's minimum care as defined in § 12 70.10.1(g) of this Article.

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# (b) Animal Abandonment is a violation that shall be subject to a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500).

15 (c) Each act in violation of Subsection (a) of this Section shall
16 constitute a separate offense.

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# § 70.10.9. Failure of a Motorist to Render Aid to an Injured Animal.

(a) A person who, while operating a motor vehicle, knowingly
injures or kills a cat, dog, or livestock, excluding chickens, shall stop and
render such assistance as may be possible and safe to provide, and shall
immediately report such injury or death to the animal's owner. In the event
the owner cannot be ascertained and located, or it is unsafe to make contact
with the animal's owner, the operator of the motor vehicle shall immediately
report the accident and location to a peace officer or animal control officer.

(b) A violation of Subsection (a) of this Section shall be punishable
by a fine of not more than Three Hundred Dollars (\$300) per offense.

- § 70.10.10. Leaving Animals Unattended in Motor Vehicles; Penalty; Authority of Officers.
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(a) For the purposes of this Section:

- (1) *Vehicle* means a car, truck, camper, trailer, or other form of transportation in which an animal can be transported.
- (2) *Extreme temperature* means an extremely cold or high temperature, inside or outside of a vehicle, that could endanger an animal's health, safety, or well-being.
- 9 (b) A person shall not confine an animal in a vehicle in a manner that 10 could reasonably be expected to threaten the health, safety, and well-being of 11 the animal due to conditions that include, but are not limited to, extreme 12 temperatures, lack of adequate ventilation, lack of food or water, or 13 confinement with a vicious or dangerous animal, or other circumstances that 14 could reasonably be expected to cause suffering, disability, physical injury, or 15 death to the animal.
- After making reasonable efforts to locate the vehicle's owner, an 16 (c) animal control officer, peace officer, law enforcement officer, or firefighter 17 may enter a vehicle by any reasonable means to protect the health, safety and 18 well-being of an animal who is endangered by confinement in a vehicle. A 19 peace officer, law enforcement officer, animal control officer, or firefighter 20 may enter the vehicle for the sole purpose of assisting the animal and may not 21 search the vehicle or seize items found in the vehicle unless otherwise 22 permitted by law. 23
- 24 (d) An animal control officer, peace officer, law enforcement
   25 officer, or firefighter who removes or otherwise retrieves an animal under this
   26 Section shall:

leave written notice in a secure and conspicuous location (1)1 on or in the vehicle bearing the officer's or firefighter's name and title, 2 and the address of the location where the animal may be retrieved; and 3 take the animal to a veterinary clinic or animal shelter for (2)4 a health screening and treatment. 5 An animal control officer, peace officer, law enforcement (e) 6 officer, or firefighter who removes or otherwise retrieves an animal from a 7 vehicle under this Section shall be immune from criminal or civil liability that 8 might otherwise result from the removal. 9 (f) Penalties. 10 A person in violation of Subsection (b) of this Section 11 (1)shall be subject to a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500). 12 The owner may retrieve the animal removed by an officer 13 (2)or firefighter only after payment of all charges that have accrued for the 14 maintenance, care, medical treatment, and impoundment of the animal. 15 § 70.10.11. Defenses; Exceptions. 16 It is an affirmative defense in a prosecution for violation of 17 (a) animal abuse under § 70.10.3(a) of this Article if: 18 the defendant reasonably and humanely caused the death 19 (1)of the animal to end its immediate and intractable suffering; or 20 the animal posed a present and immediate danger to the 21 (2)safety of people, and the defendant took reasonable measures necessary 22 to protect against serious bodily harm, or death, to themselves or other 23 people, livestock, or domestic animals. 24 Ownership shall not be a defense. 25 (b) Guardianship shall not be a defense. 26 (c) Trespass by an animal shall not be a defense. (d) 27

1 (e) Corporations and other nonhuman legal entities may be 2 concurrently charged for acts in violation of any animal protection offense 3 committed by their employees or agents when the act is committed in the 4 normal course and scope of the employment or agency.

5 (f) It is no defense to the crime of animal abandonment that the 6 defendant abandoned the animal at or near an animal shelter, veterinary clinic, 7 or other place of shelter if the defendant did not make reasonable 8 arrangements for the care of the animal.

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(g) §§ 70.10 to 70.10.15 of this Article shall not apply to:

(1) the proper shooting or taking of game in such manner and at such times as is allowed or provided by the laws of Guam;

12 (2) cockfighting in a manner and at such times and places as
13 are authorized by law;

14 (3) the proper killing of animals used for food, except for dogs
15 and cats, in accordance with the law;

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(4) the proper disinfestation of rodents and brown tree snakes;

17 (5) animals properly used for education or research purposes
18 by, or under the oversight of, the Guam Community College or the
19 University of Guam; provided, that proper Institutional Review Board
20 procedures and all applicable local and federal laws are followed;

21 (6) euthanasia as properly conducted by a licensed
22 veterinarian, or individual authorized by § 70.10.12 of this Article, and
23 done in accordance with local law and generally accepted industry
24 practice;

(7) the proper disinfestation of animals deemed a disease
 vector and threat to public health by the Department of Public and

Social Services; provided, that disinfestation is done in accordance with 1 established procedures approved by said Department; 2 the proper disinfestation of species deemed invasive to 3 (8) Guam by the Guam Invasive Species Council; provided, that 4 disinfestation is done in accordance with established procedures 5 approved by said Council. 6 Subsection (g)(8) of this Section shall not pertain to (A) 7 cats or dogs, except as authorized by the Director of the 8 Department of Agriculture, and such disinfestation efforts are 9 done in accordance with accepted practices of veterinary 10 medicine and procedures approved by the Council. 11 § 70.10.12. Euthanasia Procedures. 12 Unless otherwise authorized by law, sodium pentobarbital and (a) 13 such other agents as may be specifically approved by the Guam Board of 14 Allied Health Examiners shall be the only methods used for euthanasia of an 15 animal. A lethal solution shall be used in the following order of preference: 16 intravenous injection by hypodermic needle; 17 (1) intraperitoneal injection by hypodermic needle; (2)18 (3) intracardial injection by hypodermic needle, but only if 19 performed on heavily sedated, anesthetized, or comatose animals; or 20 solution or powder added to food. 21 (4) An animal may be tranquilized with an approved and humane 22 **(b)** substance before euthanasia is performed. 23 curare, Succinylcholine chloride, curariform mixtures. 24 (c) strychnine, nicotine, chloral hydrate, magnesium, potassium, or any substance 25 which acts as a neuromuscular blocking agent, or any chamber which causes 26

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a change in body oxygen, may not be used on any animal for the purpose of euthanasia.

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(d) Euthanasia shall be performed only by a licensed veterinarian,
 trained animal control officers, or an employee or agent, in accordance with §
 121906 of Article 19, Part 2, Chapter 12, Title 10, Guam Code Annotated.

6 (e) An animal may not be left unattended between the time 7 euthanasia procedures are first begun and the time that death occurs, and the 8 animal's body may not be disposed of until a licensed veterinarian, or person, 9 as authorized by § 121906 of Article 19, Part 2, Chapter 12, Title 10, Guam 10 Code Annotated, confirms death.

11 (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section or any other law 12 to the contrary, whenever an emergency situation exists which requires the 13 immediate euthanasia of a seriously injured, dangerous, or severely diseased 14 animal, a peace officer or veterinarian may humanely destroy the animal.

(g) The remains of the euthanized animal shall be properly disposed
of in accordance with Guam law.

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(h) Any violation of this Section is a misdemeanor.

18 (i) Each act or omission in violation of this Section shall constitute
19 a separate offense.

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#### § 70.10.13. Pre-Trial Provisions.

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(a) Reporting and Immunity.

(1) The following designees, having a good-faith belief that
any animal with whom the designee comes in contact has suffered a
violation of this Article or that any person with whom the designee
comes in contact has committed a violation of this Article, may report,
or cause a report to be made to the Animal Control Division of the
Department of Agriculture:

a police officer; or (A) 1 a licensed social worker. **(B)** 2 Any designee making a report under this Subsection shall 3 (2)not be required to report such information communicated by a person 4 if the communication is privileged under Guam law. 5 Any designee making a report under this Subsection shall (3) 6 be immune from any civil or criminal liability by reason of making the 7 report, unless the report was made in bad faith. 8 Law Enforcement Policies. 9 (b)All officers as defined in § 70.10.1(h) of this Article have 10 (1)the duty and responsibility to enforce this Article to the extent 11 authorized by law. 12 All volunteer animal control officers, (2)volunteer 13 conservation officers, or similar volunteer law enforcement officers, 14 whose positions are established by the government of Guam, have the 15 duty and responsibility to enforce this Article to the extent authorized 16 by law. 17 Seizure. (c) 18 Search and Seizure With a Warrant. If there is probable 19 (1)cause to believe that an animal is being subjected to treatment in 20 21 violation of this Article, an officer, after obtaining a search warrant, shall enter the premises where the animal is located and seize the 22 animal. 23 Search and Seizure Without a Warrant. If an officer (2)24 witnesses a situation in which the officer determines that an animal's 25 life is in jeopardy and immediate action is required to protect the 26 animal's health or safety, the officer may seize the animal without a 27

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warrant. The officer shall immediately take an animal seized under this Subsection to a licensed veterinarian or animal shelter for medical attention to stabilize the animal's condition and to assess the health of the animal.

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(3)Any person or facility receiving an animal seized pursuant 5 to this Subsection shall provide the animal with minimum care. 6

An officer shall not be liable for any damages for an entry (4) under this Subsection.

Any guardian of an animal that is impounded pursuant to 9 (5) this Subsection shall, within seventy-two (72) hours following the 10 seizure, be given written notice of the seizure and legal remedies 11 available to the guardian. The written notice shall be posted at the place 12 of seizure, or delivered to an employee at the place of impoundment, 13 or by registered mail if the guardian is known. 14

(4) The guardian from whom an animal is seized pursuant to 15 this Subsection shall, within seventy-two (72) hours following the 16 seizure, be given written notice of the seizure and legal remedies 17 available to the guardian. The notice shall, at a minimum, be given by 18 posting at the place of seizure, or by delivery to a person residing or 19 working at the place of seizure, or by certified mail. Such notice shall 20 include: 21

the name, business address, and telephone number (A) 22 of the law enforcement entity responsible for seizing the animal; 23

**(B)** a description of the seized animal;

(C) the authority and purpose for the seizure, including 25 the time, place, and circumstance under which the animal was 26 seized; and 27

(D) a statement that the guardian is responsible for the cost of care for an animal who was lawfully seized, and that the guardian will be required to post a bond with the court to defray the cost of care or the animal will be deemed forfeited.

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) Costs-of-Care Bonds.

An animal that has been impounded pending outcome of a (1) 6 criminal case, including charges under this Article, may prevent 7 disposition of the animal by a caregiving agency that has temporary 8 9 custody of the animal by posting a bond with the court in an amount the court determines is sufficient to provide for the animal's minimum care 10 for at least thirty (30) days, including the day on which the animal was 11 taken into custody. Such bond shall be filed with the court within ten 12 (10) days after the animal is impounded. If a bond is not so posted, the 13 animal shall be deemed forfeited and the custodial caregiving agency 14 shall determine final disposition of the animal in accordance with 15 reasonable practices for the humane treatment of animals. At the end of 16 the time for which expenses are covered by the bond, if the owner, 17 guardian, or person in possession of an animal, desires to prevent 18 disposition of the animal by the custodial caregiving agency, a new 19 bond shall be posted with the court within ten (10) days following the 20 prior bond's expiration. If a new bond is not so posted, the animal shall 21 be deemed forfeited and the custodial caregiving agency shall 22 determine final disposition of the animal in accordance with reasonable 23 practices for the humane treatment of animals. However, nothing in this 24 Subsection shall prohibit the immediate disposition of the animal by 25 euthanasia if, in the opinion of a licensed veterinarian, the animal is 26 experiencing intractable extreme pain or suffering. The guardian shall 27

be liable for all costs of providing minimum care, or disposal of the animal.

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(2) If a bond has been posted in accordance with Subsection
 (d)(1) of this Section, the custodial caregiving agency may draw from the bond the actual reasonable costs incurred by the agency in providing minimum care to the seized animal from the date of initial seizure to the date of final disposition of the animal in the criminal action.

(e) Protective Orders.

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9 (1) A mandatory restraining order is created against any
10 person charged with a felony under this Article.

11 (2) The order may remain in effect from the time that the 12 defendant is advised of their rights at arraignment or the defendant's 13 first appearance before the court and informed of such order, until final 14 disposition of the action.

(3) The order may restrain the defendant from contacting,
harassing, molesting, intimidating, retaliating against, or tampering
with:

(A) any animal(s) victimized by the acts charged;

19(B) any guardian or owner, other than the defendant, of20such animal(s); or

(C) any witness to the acts charged.

(4) Any restraining order issued pursuant to Subsection (e) of
this Section, shall be on a standardized form prescribed by the Superior
Court of Guam.

25 (5) A copy of the restraining order shall be provided to the
26 protected parties.

1 (6) The court may include an animal in any protective order 2 authorized by this Article.

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#### § 70.10.14. Sentencing Provisions.

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(a) Community Service. In addition to any other sentence it may impose, the court may order the defendant to participate in community service. No such participation shall occur at any humane society, animal shelter, or other facility where an animal is present, unless first approved by said organization.

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(b) Evaluation & Treatment.

10 (1) In addition to any other sentence it may impose, the court
11 shall order the defendant convicted of a felony crime under this Article
12 to undergo a psychiatric, psychological, or mental health evaluation,
13 and if warranted by the condition of the defendant, shall order the
14 defendant to undergo appropriate care or treatment.

15(3) Treatment may include, but is not limited to, counseling16and humane education classes.

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(4) Treatment may be conducted in-person or online.

18 (5) All costs of the evaluation, care and treatment shall be 19 borne by the defendant. However, if the court determines that the 20 defendant is indigent, the government of Guam may provide access to 21 government funded or government contracted service providers, if 22 available.

(c) Education. The Department of Agriculture shall make available
 educational material and information regarding proper animal care and
 welfare to the defendant. At a minimum, such information shall be made
 available in printed form or online, as deemed appropriate by the Department
 of Agriculture.

(d) Forfeiture. In addition to any other sentence it may impose, the court shall require a defendant convicted under this Article to forfeit all legal interest of the defendant in the animal subjected to the violation. The court shall award all such interest to the animal to a caregiving agency.

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(e) Contact with Animals.

6 (1) In addition to any other penalty imposed by law, a court 7 may require a defendant convicted of a felony under this Article to not 8 own, possess, or have custody or control of any animal for a minimum 9 period of five (5) years on a first offense; and for a minimum period of 10 fifteen (15) years on a second or subsequent offense.

11(2) A violation of this Subsection is a petty misdemeanor and12shall result in the forfeiture of the offender's interest in the animal.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an officer
may immediately seize any animal found to be kept in violation of this
Subsection.

16 (f) Reimbursement of Costs to Caregiving Agency. In addition to 17 any other sentence it may impose, the court shall require a defendant 18 convicted under this Article to repay all reasonable costs incurred by any 19 person or organization prior to judgment in seizing and providing minimum 20 care for each animal subjected to mistreatment in violation of this Article.

(g) Restitution to Guardian. In addition to any other sentence it may
impose, the court shall order that restitution be made by a defendant convicted
under this Article to the guardian of any animal subjected to mistreatment by
the defendant in violation of this Article. The measure for restitution shall be
the actual pecuniary value of such loss, including, but not limited to, the actual
veterinary expenses, special supplies, and other costs incurred by the animal's

1 2 guardian in treating the animal and in attempting to restore the animal to good health or to otherwise ameliorate the effects of the criminal violation.

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### § 70.10.15. Civil Right of Action for the Wrongful Injury or Death of an Animal.

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Any person who, with no lawful authority, intentionally, 5 (a) knowingly, recklessly, or with criminal negligence causes physical injury to, 6 or the death of, an animal shall be liable to the animal's guardian for the 7 damages sustained by the guardian. The guardian of the animal may bring a 8 civil action to recover such damages. Damages may include the pecuniary 9 value of the animal; veterinary expenses incurred on behalf of the animal; any 10 other expenses incurred by the guardian in attempting to ameliorate the effects 11 of, or as a consequence of, the pain, suffering or injuries of the animal; any 12 emotional distress and loss of companionship suffered by the guardian; all 13 court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in the prosecution of any 14 action under this Section; and any other reasonable damages resulting from 15 the physical injury or death of the animal. 16

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(b) Restraining orders and other injunctive relief may be issued by the Superior Court of Guam as appropriate.

- The remedies provided in this Section are in addition to, and do (c) 19 not replace or supplant, any other remedies allowed by law. 20
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Commencement of a cause of action under this Section shall be (d)brought within three (3) years from the date on which damages were first 22 identified by the guardian." 23

**Section 3.** All fines and penalties collected for violations pursuant to  $\S$ 24 70.10 through 70.10.15 of Article 1, Chapter 70, Title 9, Guam Code Annotated, 25 shall be deposited in the "Rabies Prevention Fund" as established in § 34307 of 26 Article 3, Chapter 34, Title 10, Guam Code Annotated. 27

Section 4. § 34111 of Article 1, Chapter 34, Title 10, Guam Code
 Annotated, is hereby *amended* to read:

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#### "§ 34111. Persons Attacked by Animal.

Any person who is attacked by a pet or animal, or any person witnessing any such attack, may kill such pet or animal in self-defense or defense of others; provided, that it is done in accordance with the provisions in §§ 70.10 through 70.10.15 of Article 1, Chapter 70, Title 9, Guam Code Annotated. Such person shall notify the Department immediately of such killing and remain with the carcass until an officer takes possession of the carcass. The carcass shall be immediately delivered to the Department for examination."

Section 5. § 3119(a) of Part 3, Chapter 3, Title 9, Guam Administrative
Rules and Regulations, is hereby *amended* to read:

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#### "§ 3119. Persons Attacked by Pets or Animals.

Any person who is being attacked by a pet or animal, or any (a) 14 person witnessing such attack, may kill such pet or animal in self-defense or 15 defense of others; provided, that it is done in accordance with the provisions 16 in §§ 70.10 through 70.10.15 of Article 1, Chapter 70, Title 9, Guam Code 17 Annotated, if deemed necessary to prevent further attack by the pet or animal 18 or to prevent otherwise unavoidable escape of the pet or animal without 19 incurring any financial liability to the pet or animal owner. Such person killing 20 a pet or animal shall notify the Department immediately and shall remain with 21 the pet or animal until an officer takes possession of the carcass, or other 22 arrangements acceptable to the Department are made for the recovery of the 23 carcass. Upon taking possession of the carcass, the officer shall immediately 24 deliver it to the Department for examination." 25

# Section 6. § 34112 of Article 1, Chapter 34, Title 10, Guam Code Annotated, is hereby *repealed*.

§ 34120 of Article 1, Chapter 34, Title 10, Guam Code 1 Section 7. Annotated, is hereby *repealed*. 2 Section 8. § 34205 of Article 2, Chapter 34, Title 10, Guam Code 3 Annotated, is hereby *repealed*. 4 Section 9. Subsections (b) and (c) of § 3116, Part 3, Chapter 3, Title 9, 5 Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, are hereby repealed. 6 Section 10. Part 6 of Chapter 3, Title 9, Guam Administrative Rules and 7 8 Regulations, is hereby *repealed*. Section 11. Cockfighting is Officially Recognized as a Cultural Practice. 9 Nothing herein shall be interpreted to criminalize, punish, or prevent cockfighting 10 as a cultural practice under the laws of Guam. 11 Section 12. Effective Date. This Act shall be effective upon enactment. 12 13 Section 13. Severability. If any provision of this Act or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity shall 14 not affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect without 15 the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are 16 severable. 17

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